NORTHERN NEVADA2024-2025 Respiratory Virus SurveillancePublic Health2024-2025 Respiratory Virus SurveillanceCDC Week #06 Feb. 2, 2024 - Feb. 8, 2025

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Weekly Summary & Changes from Previous Week *

- Influenza-like-illness (ILI) Activity: 4.8% (increase from 4.0%)
- Influenza Hospitalizations: 8.2 per 100,000 population (increase from 5.6)
- Influenza Deaths: 17 reported from MMWR week 40 to current date
- COVID Cases: 12.4 per 100,000 (decrease from 12.6)
- COVID Deaths: 11 reported from MMWR week 40 to current date
- Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV): 43.7 per 100,000 (decrease from 50.0)
- Syndromic Surveillance:
 - \circ Increase in ILI ED and UC visits were observed for February 2nd.
 - Increase in RSV ED and UC Visits was detected.

*For definition and specifics on metrics summarized, please refer to corresponding sections.

Key Message(s)

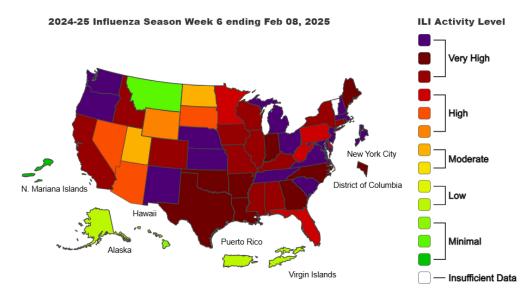
- Respiratory virus activity is at a high level with recent increases noted in influenza and RSV activity.
- Washoe County, Nevada, and National ILI have all increased and remain above their respective baselines.
- Influenza activity is elevated, with a recent increase in influenza-associated hospital admissions. All age groups have reported hospitalizations.
- COVID-19 activity remains low. Case rates and hospitalization rates are all lower at this time compared to all seasons prior (since 2020).
- RSV activity remains elevated with the highest case rates among the 0-4-year age group.
- The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by the Nevada State Public Health Laboratory, locally, was influenza A (2009 H1N1).
- Routine annual influenza vaccination is recommended for all persons aged 6 months or older, as long as there are no contraindications.

Influenza-like-Illness (ILI)

Influenza-like-illness (ILI) is defined as fever ($\geq 100^{\circ}$ F [37.8°C]) and cough and/or sore throat. ILI data is submitted weekly by inpatient and outpatient health services who have completed the onboarding process to be a sentinel surveillance provider. ILI activity levels use the proportion of outpatient visits to healthcare providers for respiratory illness, not laboratory confirmed influenza. ILI activity may capture patient visits due to other respiratory pathogens that cause similar symptoms to influenza.

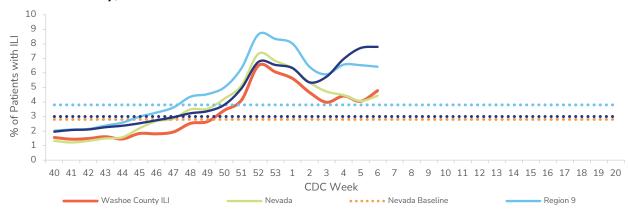
- Out of 14 sentinel providers, 14 reported data for this CDC week.
- U.S. percentage of patients presenting with ILI was 7.8% (increase from 7.7%), which is ABOVE the national baseline of 3.0%.
- Region 9 percentage of patients presenting with ILI was 6.4% (decrease from 6.5%), which is ABOVE the regional baseline of 3.8%.
- Nevada percentage of patients presenting with ILI was 4.4% (increase from 4.1%), which is ABOVE the state baseline of 2.8%.
- Washoe County percentage of patients presenting with ILI reported by sentinel providers for the current week was 4.8% (increase from 4.0%).
- The highest proportion of patients presenting with ILI was among the 0-4-year age group at 15.4% (no change in age group, increase from 12.8%).
- The lowest proportion of patients presenting with ILI was among the ≥65-year age group at 2.0% (no change in age group, decrease from 2.4%).

Figure 1. Outpatient Respiratory Illness Activity Map by State for Week 06, United States, 2024-2025 Season



Data Source https://www.cdc.gov/fluview/surveillance/

Figure 2. Comparison of ILI Activity at the Local, State, Regional, and National Level, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season[†]



Data source for U.S., Region 9, and Nevada ILI activity and baselines: <u>https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html</u> Region 9 & U.S. data are weighted, Nevada is unweighted. CDC methods: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/fluview/overview/index.html</u> [†] Does not have a week 53, so the week 53 value is an average of week 52 and week 1.

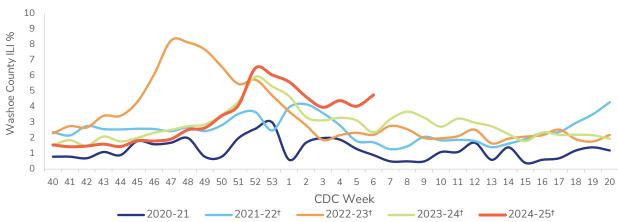
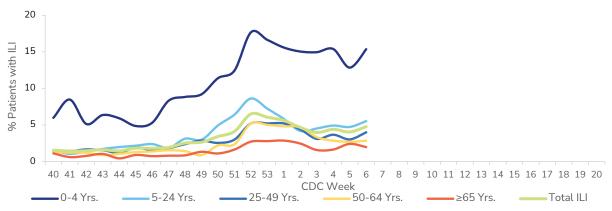


Figure 3. ILI Activity Reported by Sentinel Providers, Washoe County, 2020-2024 Seasons[†]

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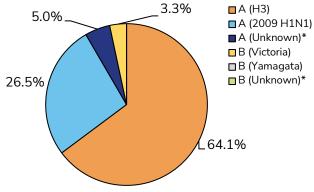
Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) Influenza Test Results

The NSPHL performs influenza subtyping of specimens submitted for surveillance purposes. Specimens are primarily submitted to the NSPHL by sentinel provider sites; however, all typed specimens are included in surveillance, even those not submitted by sentinel providers. Beginning on January 21, 2025, data in this section reflects specimens collected from nonhospitalized individuals (see <u>Surveillance Changes</u> at the end of this report for more information).¹ For typing and subtyping information on hospitalized cases, refer to the <u>Influenza Hospitalizations</u> section of this report.

- The highest proportion of NSPHL specimens were A (2009 H1N1) at 60.0% (n=3) of specimens (no change in type), followed by A (H3) at 40.0% (n=2) of specimens.
- The highest proportion of NSPHL specimens to date have been A (H3) at 64.1% of specimens, followed by A (2009 H1N1) at 26.5%.

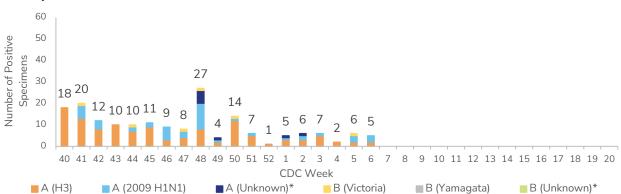
Table 1 & Figure 5. Specimens Submitted to NSPHL for Subtyping to Date, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season[†]

Influenza	# of	% of Total
Subtype	Specimens	Specimens
A (H3)	116	64.1%
A (2009 H1N1)	48	26.5%
A (Unknown)*	9	5.0%
B (Victoria)	6	3.3%
B (Yamagata)	0	0.0%
B (Unknown)*	0	0.0%
Total	181	99%



*Unknown includes both rapid and unsubtyped PCR results.

+ Specimens reflect non-hospitalized individuals after Jan 21, 2025.





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^{*}Unknown includes both rapid and unsubtyped PCR results.

Influenza Hospitalizations

Medical records are reviewed for cases with evidence of a positive influenza test who were hospitalized for greater than or equal to 24 hours. Information on the number of hospitalized cases, the number of hospitalized cases vaccinated, number of intensive care unit (ICU) admissions, and number of deaths among hospitalized cases are reported. Rates are per 100,000 population.

- The highest proportion of specimens among hospitalized cases was A (Unknown) at 88.1% of specimens (no change in type).
- The highest proportion of specimens among hospitalized cases to date has been A (Unknown) at 91.9% of specimens (no change in type).
- The influenza weekly hospitalization rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was 8.2 (increase from 5.6).
- The influenza cumulative hospitalization rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was 74.7 (increase from 66.5).
- The age group with the highest weekly influenza hospitalization rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was the ≥65-year age group at 20.6 (no change in age group, decrease from 21.7).
- The age group with the highest cumulative influenza hospitalization rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was the ≥65-year age group at 210.5 (no change in age group, increase from 189.9).

and Death Status, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season																
Current Week (Week 06) Cumulative for 2024-2025 Influenza Season																
	F	February 2, 2025 - February 8, 2025						September 29, 2024 - February 8, 2025								
	Hosp. Vax [§] ICU Death					Ho	osp.	Va	ax§	IC	CU	De	eath			
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total # of cases reported	42	N/A	11	26	7	17	1	2	384	N/A	77	20	59	15	9	2

Table 2. Number of Hospitalized Cases with Lab-Confirmed Influenza by Vaccination, ICU,
and Death Status, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

Influenza A (H3)	3	7	1	9	1	14	0	0	17	4	3	4	2	3	0
Influenza A (2009 H1N1)	1	2	1	9	0	0	0	0	11	3	2	3	3	5	0
Influenza A (Unknown)*	37	88	9	82	6	86	1	100	353	92	72	94	54	92	9
Influenza B (Victoria)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Influenza B (Yamagata)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Influenza B (Unknown)*	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Influenza Unknown Type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*Unknown includes both rapid and unsubtyped PCR results.

S vaccination status determined among hospitalized cases only. Patient is considered vaccinated if they received a flu vaccine ≥ 2 weeks prior to illness onset.

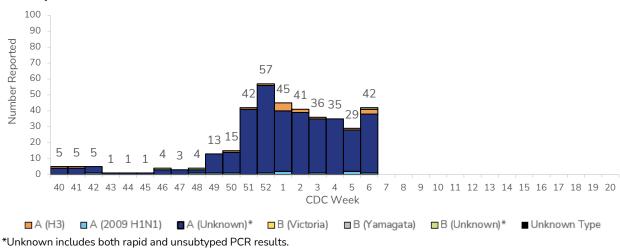
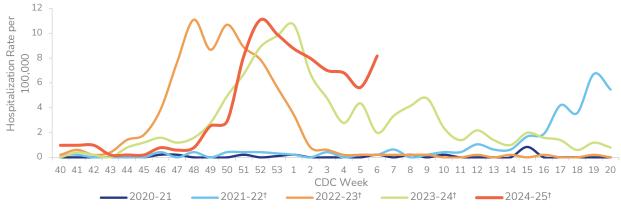
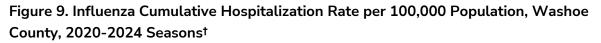


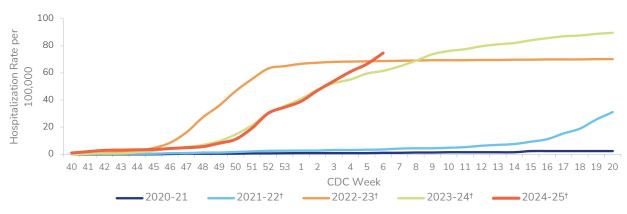
Figure 7. Influenza Positive Tests Among Hospitalized Cases by Week Reported, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

Figure 8. Influenza Weekly Hospitalization Rate per 100,000 Population, Washoe County, 2020-2024 Seasons[†]



[†] Does not have a week 53, so the week 53 value is an average of week 52 and week 1.





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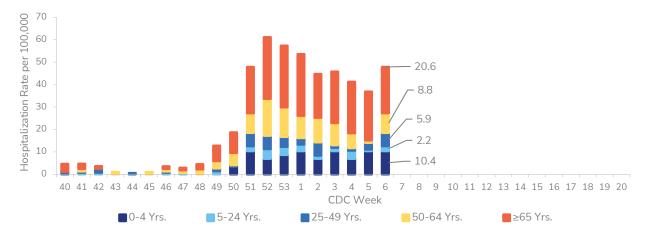
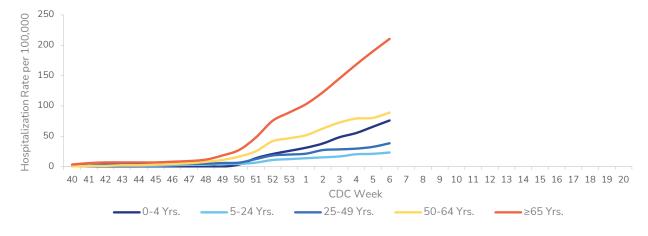


Figure 11. Influenza Cumulative Hospitalization Rate per 100,000 Population by Age Group, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season



Influenza Deaths

For surveillance purposes, an influenza-associated death is defined as a death resulting from a clinically compatible illness that was confirmed to be influenza by an appropriate laboratory or rapid diagnostic test with no period of complete recovery between the illness and death. Only pediatric deaths are considered reportable. Hospitalization is not required to be considered an influenza-associated death; therefore, counts presented here may be higher than those presented among hospitalized cases.

• To date, 17 influenza-associated deaths have been reported.

Age Group	Deaths (Hospitalized)	Deaths (All)
0-4 Yrs.	0	0
5-24 Yrs.	0	1
25-49 Yrs.	0	0
50-64 Yrs.	2	7
≥65 Yrs.	6	9
Total	8	17

Table 3. Cumulative Number of Influenza-Associated Deaths by Age Group & Hospitalization Status, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

COVID-19 Cases, Hospitalizations, & Deaths

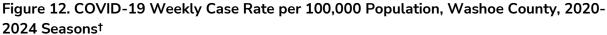
COVID-19 is the disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) virus. Symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, chills, rigors, myalgia, headache, sore throat, nausea or vomiting, diarrhea, fatigue, congestion or runny nose, cough, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, olfactory and taste disorder, confusion or change in mental status, persistent pain or pressure in the chest, pale, gray, or blue colored skin, lips, or nail beds, and inability to wake or stay awake. Severe respiratory illness may also present with pneumonia or acute respiratory distress syndrome.

Only laboratory conducted tests are reported to NNPH, no at-home tests are counted in these data. Medical records are reviewed for cases with evidence of a positive SARS-CoV-2 test within 14 days prior to hospitalization who were hospitalized for greater than or equal to 24 hours. Deaths due to COVID-19 are those for which the investigation confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection and determined that COVID-19 was the cause of death or contributed to the cause of death, AND/OR the death certificate lists a specific COVID-19 ICD-10 code.

- 64 cases of COVID-19 were reported for the current week (decrease from 65).
- The rate of COVID-19 was 12.4 cases per 100,000 (decrease from 12.6).
- The age group with the highest weekly COVID-19 rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was the 0-4-year age group at 31.1 (no change in age group or rate).

Table 4. Number and Rate per 100,000 of COVID-19 Cases by Current Week, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

	Current Week (Week 06) February 2, 2025 - February 8, 2025						
Age Group	Count Rate per 100,000						
0-4 Yrs.	9	31.1					
5-24 Yrs.	11	8.0					
25-49 Yrs.	20	11.8					
50-64 Yrs.	10	11.0					
≥65 Yrs.	14	16.0					
Total	64	12.4					



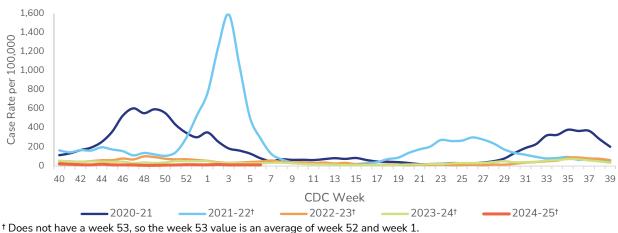
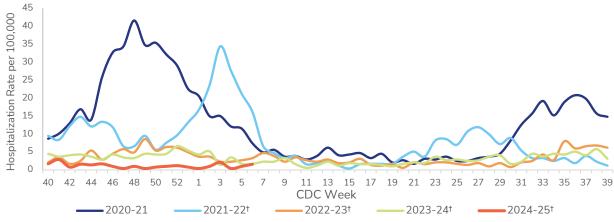


Figure 13. COVID-19 Weekly Hospitalization Rate per 100,000 Population, Washoe County, 2020-2024 Seasons[†]



[†] Does not have a week 53, so the week 53 value is an average of week 52 and week 1.



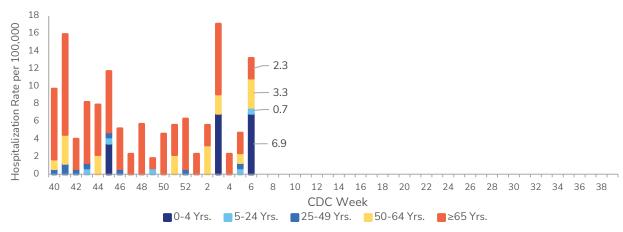


Table 5. Cumulative Number of COVID-19 Deaths by Age Group, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

Age Group	Deaths (All)
0-4 Yrs.	0
5-24 Yrs.	0
25-49 Yrs.	0
50-64 Yrs.	0
≥65 Yrs.	11
Total	11

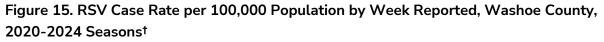
Respiratory Syncytial Virus

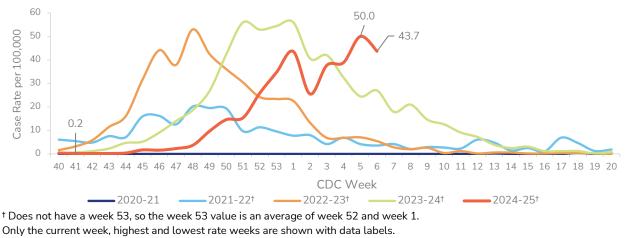
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) is a common respiratory virus that can present with flu-like signs and symptoms (e.g., fever, coughing, runny nose). RSV, while usually presented with mild symptoms, can be serious, especially for infants and older adults. It is the most common cause of bronchiolitis and pneumonia in children younger than 1 year of age. RSV is a reportable condition in Nevada.

- 225 cases of RSV were reported for the current week (decrease from 257).
- The rate of RSV was 43.7 cases per 100,000 (decrease from 50.0).
- The age group with the highest weekly RSV rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was the 0-4-year age group at 390.5 (no change in age group, decrease from 428.6).
- The age group with the highest cumulative RSV rate per 100,000 population in Washoe County was the 0-4-year age group at 3020.7 (no change in age group, increase from 2630.1).

Table 6. Number and Rate per 100,000 of RSV Cases by Current Week and Cumulative for the Season, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

	Curr	ent Week (Week 06)	Cumulative for 2024-2025 Influenza Season					
	February	2, 2025 - February 8, 2025	September 29, 2024 - February 8, 2025					
Age Group	Count	Rate per 100,000	Cumulative Count	Cumulative Rate per 100,000				
0-4 Yrs.	113	390.5	874	3020.7				
5-24 Yrs.	56	40.6	352	255.2				
25-49 Yrs.	30	17.7	164	97.0				
50-64 Yrs.	10	11.0	104	114.4				
≥65 Yrs.	16	18.3	129	147.6				
Total	225	43.7	1623	315.6				

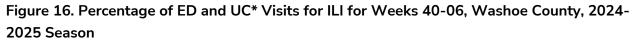


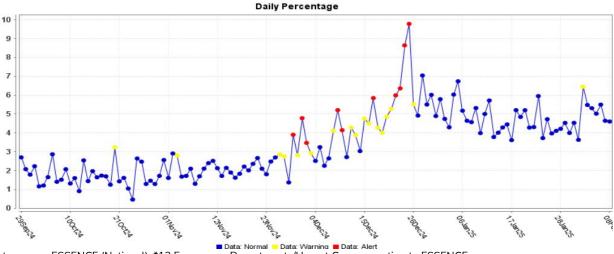


Syndromic Surveillance

Emergency Department (ED) Visits and Urgent Care (UC) Visits

Percentage of patients seen for ILI (i.e., influenza or fever and a cough and/or a sore throat) in EDs and UCs is presented in Figure 16. The overlay depicts ILI syndrome in blue while alerts appear as yellow and/or red dots, indicating an unusually high percentage of ILI visits according to ESSENCE algorithms. Percentage of patients seen for Influenza, COVID-19, and RSV in EDs and UCs is presented in Figure 17. Conditions are defined by discharge diagnosis code (e.g.,ICD-10 codes).





Data source: ESSENCE (National), *13 Emergency Departments/Urgent Cares reporting to ESSENCE.

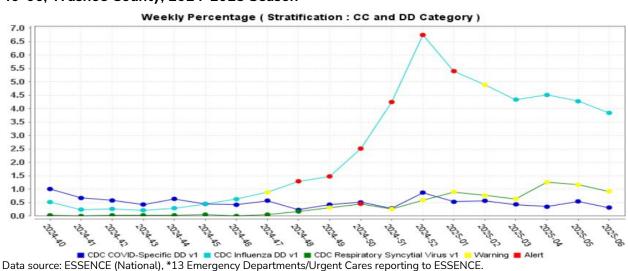
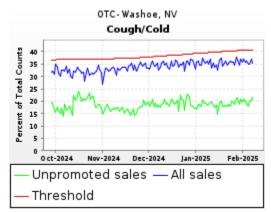


Figure 17. Percentage of ED and UC* Visits for Influenza, COVID-19, and RSV for Weeks 40-06, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season

Over the Counter (OTC) Sales for Cough and/or Cold Remedies

Figure 18. OTC Sales for Cough and/or Cold Remedies for Weeks 40-06, Washoe County, 2024-2025 Season



Data source: National Retail Data Monitor Data coverage in Washoe County

Surveillance Changes 2024-2025 Season

- Rates per 100,000 for hospitalizations and RSV are now calculated and presented in place of raw numbers. Both are now the rates depicted in the *Weekly Summary & Changes from Previous Week*.
- Weekly rates per 100,000 for all influenza hospitalizations in Washoe County are given along with age group.
- A figure was added to show percentage of ED and UC Visits for Influenza, COVID-19, and RSV using discharge diagnoses reported by syndromic surveillance ESSENCE data.

- Starting with the 2023-2024 influenza season, Nevada implemented the use of <u>ESSENCE</u> data for ILI data reporting to CDC's <u>ILINet</u>. The number of reporters using ESSENCE for ILI reporting for Washoe County went from 11 to 12 (of 14 total reporters).
- Influenza A (H1) is no longer reported in the NSPHL section as not routinely tested for by NSPHL.
- The pneumonia, influenza, and/or COVID-19 (PIC) death percentages are no longer collected and calculated locally and are not compared to CDC's weekly percentages and "epidemic threshold."
- The RSV section has been updated to now include a table showing weekly and cumulative counts and rates by age groups. The RSV figure now depicts comparative rates by season rather than counts and highlights the lowest, highest, and current week's rates of the current season.
- The COVID section has been created to include laboratory-confirmed case data for SARS-CoV-2 based on labs reported to NNPH. This is a reportable condition in Nevada.
- On January 21, 2025, the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services issued a technical bulletin in response to a <u>CDC Health Alert Network (HAN) Health Advisory</u> recommending, in part, that all hospitalized patients with an unsubtyped positive influenza A test should have specimens subtyped at a public health laboratory, such as the Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL). Due to the potential impact on increasing the proportion of influenza A testing results produced by NSPHL, data included in the <u>NSPHL Influenza Test Results</u> section of this report after January 21, 2025, reflect specimens collected from non-hospitalized individuals. For typing and subtyping information on hospitalized cases, readers should seek the <u>Influenza Hospitalization</u> section of the report. More details can be found <u>here</u> and <u>here</u>.